

BUBBLE ENTRAPMENT AND FINE JETTING DURING IMPACT OF IMMISCIBLE DROP ON A POOL

Ziqiang Yang¹ and S. T. Thoroddsen¹

¹King Abdullah University of Science and Technology (KAUST), Thuwal 23955-6900, Saudi Arabia

ziqiang.yang@kaust.edu.sa

We investigate the impact of a drop into a deep immiscible liquid pool, with focus on bubble entrapment and the formation of fine jetting during the crater collapse. We use a heavy perfluorohexane drop which impacts on a water pool, where the two liquids are immiscible. The drop first deforms and stretches out at the bottom of the crater, before collapsing during its rebound, entrapping a small bubble and shooting out fine vertical jet. Several air-entrapment scenarios are observed, such as microbubbles left behind by film ruptures and bubble pinch-off from the dimple. We also see bubbles entering the jet. The entrapment regimes are mapped in the Weber - Froude number space. The size of entrapped bubbles at different impact conditions is scaled with Weber number, We . The formation of fine jetting is also studied. The fastest jets are observed with the speeds of 45 m/s and occur at the multi-dimple case without pinch off. At low Weber numbers a variety of other entrapment phenomena appear.

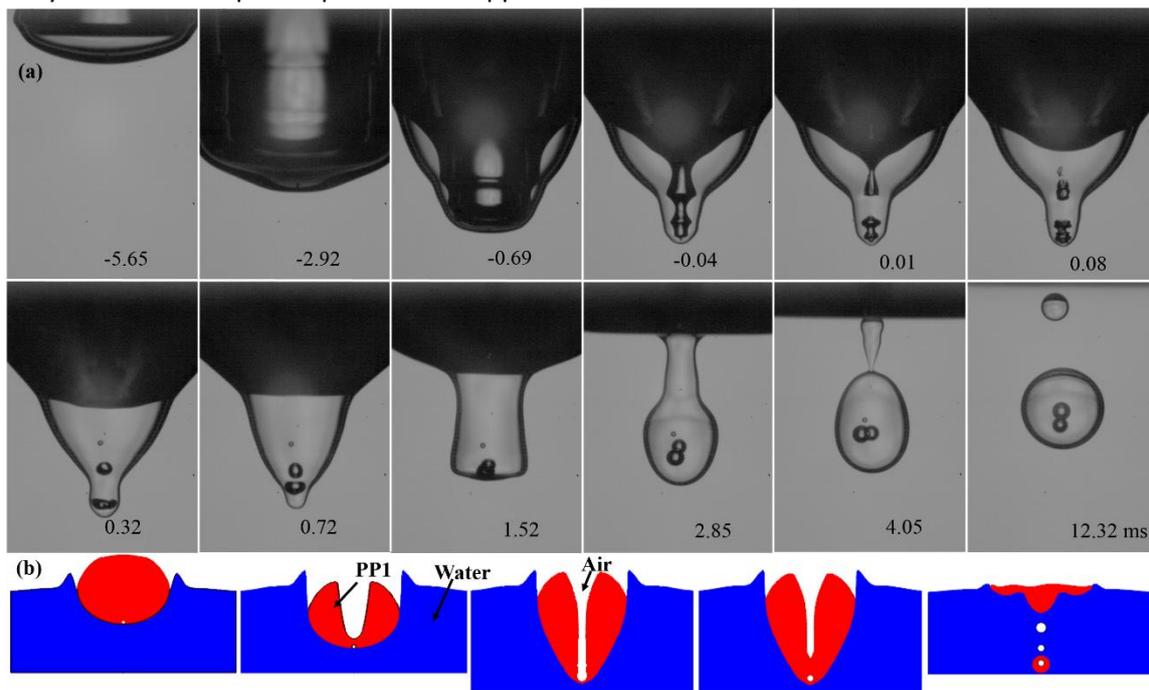


Figure 1. Close-up of typical bubble entrapment process during the crater evolution at $U=1.72$ m/s, $D=1.3$ mm, $Re = 4215$, $Fr= 259$, $We= 493$. The video is taken at 75 kfps. Air bubbles are entrapped through the top of the drop.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS: This research was supported by King Abdullah University of Science and Technology (KAUST) under Grant No. URF/1/2621-01-01.

REFERENCES:

1. Thoroddsen, S. T., Takehara, K., Nguyen H. D. and Etoh, T. G. 'Singular jets during the collapse of drop-impact craters', *Journal of Fluid Mechanics*, **2018**, 848: R3.
2. Lhuissier, H., Sun, C., Prosperetti, A. and Lohse, D. 'Drop fragmentation at impact onto a bath of an immiscible liquid', *Physical review letters*, **2013**, 110(26), 264503.